THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK. DIXON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1892 NUMBER 2536

The Newest Weaves,

—o—

The Latest Shading,

—o—

The Freshest Novelties

—IN—

Spring : Dress : Fabrics

JUST RECEIVED AT

S. G. AUSTIN & CO.

IT IS A FACT!

S. S. DODGE,

—THE—

LEADING JEWELER,

Carries the Largest and Finest Assortment of

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry

—AND—

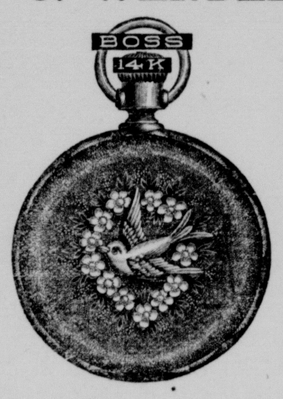
Silverware.

And Sells at Lowest Cash Prices

Corner Hennepin-ave and Main-st.

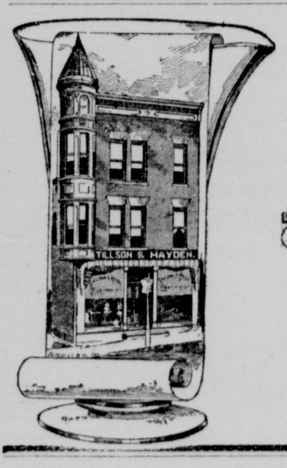
G. O. WENDEL,

All Grades of Watches on hand.



REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

160 : Galena : Avenue.



Business Booming

—IN—

WALL PAPER, CURTAINS, | PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES

—AT—

Tillson & Hayden's

who have one of the best

Wall Paper and Curtain

—DEPARTMENTS,—

Filled with the choicest goods in Northern Illinois.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

TILLSON & HAYDEN.

KENNEDY & BOWMAN,

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

Builders, Hardware and Carpenters'

— TOOLS —

124 GALENA AVENUE.

Chiverton & Heckman's

COPYING HOUSE.

Yes, we have opened a copying house in connection with our photograph business.

We would be pleased to have you call and see our work.

Save your pictures that you have been thinking of having enlarged and bring them along with you. We then can tell you just what we are able to do. No charges made for advice—and we will advice you wisely.

Don't forget the name.

CHIVERTON & HECKMAN, Photographers.

No. 150, corner of First street and Galena avenue. Over City National Bank.

FOR SALE!

—o—

MAPLE PARK.

Now is the time to buy lots. before the factory gets started, as the price will advance 50 per cent. I have 100 very choice lots on First, Second, Third and Sherman avenue. Sidewalk to lots. We expect street cars soon. The

STREETS WILL BE MACADAMIZED.

West Dixon will be the place to live. Come early to get your first pick. They will be sold cheap to parties wanting to build.

J. H. CLARK

Corner Sherman Ave. and Fourth St.

Strange Accident.

An emigrant met with an odd misfortune on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad last night. The car that he occupied with household goods and two horses was going east, bound for Springfield this state, on the evening freight, and when a short distance this side of Nelson the man lit a lantern to look after the stock. While standing in the open car door looking out, one of the horses gave him a kick which sent him through the doorway. The lantern he held in his hand dropped on the car floor and soon set fire to the bedding under the horses. When the train reached the depot in this city, the fire was discovered, but one of the horses was already dead from suffocation, and the other badly burned. The car was placed under the water tank east of the station and flooded, and the body of the dead horse removed. The man, who was not much hurt, except cuts made by the ground when he fell, walked back to Nelson, and came to Dixon on the nine o'clock freight. The goods he had stored in the car were not much injured except by water, and he resumed his journey this morning.

St. Patrick's Ball.

A fit ending to yesterday's celebration was the grand ball at the Opera House last evening. There was a very large attendance and everything passed off smoothly. The elegant costumes of the ladies and the unique attire of some of the gentlemen gave to the affair a dazzling brilliancy that is not often equalled. The Irish national color predominated, for with hardly an exception the green was visible on the costumes of the dancers. The suit worn by Edward Burke was a stunner. It consisted of a black coat, green vest, light checked trousers and a large white tie with a huge diamond. He was the observed of all observers. Smith's orchestra furnished excellent music and Art Williams' melodious voice could be heard above the sound of the instruments ordering the dancers to salute their partners. The atmosphere in the Opera House seemed to come directly from the frigid zone, and it was almost impossible to keep warm without wraps. The celebration of St. Patrick's Day in 1892 will long be remembered for in it's entirety it was a grand success. There was no friction and every one seemed fired with a determination to work together to make it a never to be forgotten event.

—George H. Squires has purchased, through the agency of C. H. Hughes, of George L. Schuler the east half of lot four in block twenty-one at Bluff Park. The Squires home to be erected will face south on Second street. The lot is on the east slope of the hill and commands a grand view of the river to Fuller's cave.

De Pauw Quartette Co. to-night.

—Bicyclists of Sterling are forming a club.

—Mrs. James Brady has returned from Chicago.

De Pauw Quartette appeals to all lovers of music.

—A. S. Ferguson spent Sunday night in Sterling.

—Ancient Order of United Workmen meet to-night.

—W. J. Kennedy, of Franklin Grove, is here on business.

—Charles E. Chandler is out again after a severe illness.

Don't miss the De Pauw Quartette. Prices, 35 and 50 cents.

—Manager Kilburn is putting up a telephone for Dr. A. L. Miller, V. S.

The De Pauw Quartette gives an entertainment that delights everybody.

—Miss Jean Steele is home for a visit from her studies at Lake Forrest.

—Miss Grace Brubaker is home from Lake Forrest for a week's vacation.

—A. G. Crane, of Chicago, is here on business with the Dixon Music Company.

—Sherwood Dixon returned last evening from a business trip to Chicago.

—The Democratic Congressional Convention will be held in this city, June 14.

—Dr. and Mrs. Kimbal, of Sublette, have been visiting a few days in our city.

—W. F. Weaver, the new dry goods man, is in Chicago buying spring goods.

—Eli Rosenthal is in Chicago on business connected with the Henderson minstrels.

—F. J. Finkler and family are enjoying a visit from Miss Ida Robinson, of Peru.

—Stone and lumber piles on the hillside at Riverview tell of homes to be erected there.

You can hear more music for 35 and 50 cents at De Pauw's to-night that any concert this season.

—Harry Williams, of Palmyra, has been paying a visit to Mayor-elect Edward Hughes at Clinton, Iowa.

—The North Dixon Shakespeare Club meets this evening with Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hartwell, North Crawford-ave.

—Miss Lizzie Drew, of Woosung, is in the city pursuing her musical studies under the instruction of Prof. Russell.

—The Ladies' Club meets at the C. E. Ebert home this evening, and the gentlemen have the good fortune to be invited.

—We enjoyed a short call to-day from our old friend T. L. Phillips, of Hamilton township, and P. S. Pope, of the same place.

—Harry Brooks, of Prairieville, and Miss Alice Snavely were married Wednesday. The young couple will make their home at Prairieville.

—P. C. Cowles is the proud possessor of a pneumatic tired Columbia safety bicycle. He expects to enter the road race at Pullman Decoration Day.

—De Pauw's Concert Company is at the Nachusa House. They are a fine appearing lot of young men and undoubtedly give an excellent entertainment.

—A pleasant company of eight couples of young folks visited the Dixon Club rooms last evening and enjoyed a few hours with instrumental music, singing and dancing.

—District Lodge No. 56 M. W. A., expect to attend the banquet given to visiting brothers by the Sterling lodge, on Tuesday evening next. A big time is anticipated.

—Miss Dessie Hughes has two pretty paintings on exhibition at C. A. Lucas'; one is a landscape and the other a bunch of roses. In addition to these, she shows three lovely pieces of decorated China.

—The Box Factory is a very busy place and the plant is enjoying a very healthy growth. It is a very interesting sight to see the young men and women at work making boxes of all sizes and shapes, and they seem contented with the clean and pleasant employment.

—One of our Sunday morning sermons comes in a little late this week but it will read just as well to-day as it would if published at the regular time with the others. On account of being printed in full the Rev. G. W. Skillings' remarks were "crowded over."

—We have received a business letter from C. H. Gardner, our former County Clerk, who is in Colorado with headquarters at Denver. He writes from Durango and speaks of enjoying a drive with Fred Camp who is also a Dixon boy. Charlie has visited Creede the new mining camp. He says: There are more tin horn gamblers, bunco steerers, toughs, pistols, etc. there, than I ever saw gathered to-gether in one place. Over nine thousand people and the place less than ninety days old. I attended a theatre; the musician had a large placard on his back which read, "Don't shoot the musician, he is doing the best he can." Two men were killed the day I was there and a faro bank was robbed of three thousand dollars.

—The "Degree of Honor" of the A. O. U. W. meets to-morrow evening. All members are requested to be present.

There are no cats within the limits of Leadville, Colorado., the thin atmosphere at that altitude, 10,200 feet, being fatal to them. They are, however, not required, the town being free from rats and mice for the same cause.

—It is reported by the papers that the Hon. S. H. Bethea, of this city, and Hon. J. S. Clarkson, Chairman of the National Republican committee, are at Ashville, North Carolina. It would appear from this that our citizen has not permanently retired from politics.

—We are asked about the "removal of the Northwestern car shops from Chicago to Dixon." The proposition is too ridiculous for an answer. There is just as much probability of the Stock Yards or World's Fair being moved from Chicago to Dixon.

—Brink & Deeter's horse that ran away yesterday is more seriously injured than was at first supposed. The upsetting of the wagon broke one of the shafts which penetrated the animal's flank, making a rigged wound. The surgeon thinks however that he will come out all right.

—Clyde Smith announces himself in THE TELEGRAPH to-day as a candidate for the office of State's Attorney for this county subject to the Republican Convention. Mr. Smith was born in Paw Paw and spent his boyhood there. He has many friends in the east end of the county as well as in this city where he has resided for the past three years. Should his friends succeed in placing his name upon the ticket he will be elected and serve to everybody's satisfaction.

—Those politicians down about Richmond, Va., are getting to be very particular about politics, objections being made to Mr Gorman as a presidential candidate on account of the supposition that he is a Catholic. The Richmond Times, a democratic paper, kindly explains that he is not of that faith and though belonging to no church himself his wife is a member of the Presbyterian church. If the Times is correct, and THE TELEGRAPH has no doubt about it, clearly Mr. Garman is eligible to the Democratic presidential nomination.

THE EVOLUTION OF FAITH.

Rev. G. W. Skillings at the Universalist church Sabbath morning preached the following sermon which we give in full:

Text, I. Cor. 13:11: "When I was a child I spake as a child, I understood as a child, I thought as a child; but when I became a man I put away childish things."

The great mass of the people are, either from necessity or from choice, intellectually lazy. And many more would be so if there came not to them sometime in life a great mental struggle, which, by compelling for a time great intellectual activity, so strengthens and develops the mind and energizes it that henceforth it finds its chief satisfaction in action. And yet none of us rise to the intellectual heights we might gain simply because we are too lazy to think. Apply this truth to religion and we see why the majority of men more willing to accept their religion at second hand, to take their creeds on the authority of others than to establish it for themselves.

Full intellectual force is the fruit of mature age. The more the mind has been developed, primary conditions being equal, the more capable is it of work, of independent action. The more ignorant and stupid a man is the more capable he is of being absolutely sure of many things, for he accepts the first view presented as true and will not reason toward a different one. The impressions of youth are the deepest is a very common remark, and we can see why. It is because the mind has not then been compelled to change itself many times in regard to supposed truth, and so does not look with the suspicion of later years upon a new statement but allows it to take full hold and sink deeply into the unused understanding. Thus our early religious teachings will hold full sway in our minds just as long as we allow them to remain unquestioned. It is a familiar argument, used frequently at revival meetings and such occasions for compelling haste in the acceptance of established creeds, that the longer a man delays his conversion the less are his chances of being saved. This is generally proved by an elaborate system of statistics which show that so many of the total number of existing Christians became such before they were ten years old; so many less between ten and fifteen, less between fifteen and twenty; comparatively few between twenty and thirty, while after a man has become thirty his chances of ever laying hold of a saving faith are small indeed. But it does not seem to occur to such arguers that if the faith presented is a reasonable one, the increase of the power of reasoning would be no bar to its acceptance. Is it because of the hardening of man's heart, or because of the strengthening of his intellect, that a man is less likely to accept faith that depends solely on authority after he is twenty-five than before he is twenty? Is a man's character more firmly fixed at fifteen than at thirty? Are the principles of honor and truth more firmly implanted in the boy

(Continued on fourth page.)

Duffin's Bulletin

of "bed rock" prices on wall paper and paints, borders and window shades:

45-cent wall paper for 30 cents.
43-cent wall paper for 29 cents.
35-cent wall paper for 24 cents.
23-cent wall paper for 15 cents.
20-cent wall paper for 12½ cents.
15-cent wall paper for 9 cents.
10-cent wall paper for 6 cents.
8-cent wall paper for 4 cents.
5-cent wall paper for 3 cents.
15 cents per can for mixed paints.

W. D. DUFFIN,

Registered Druggist, 3d door north post office, Dixon, Ill.

FOR SALE.

The brick house and large lot, formerly the home of Joseph Rhodes. This is a fine house with a large lot and plenty of fruit; barn, out houses, etc, etc. Will be sold for less than cost of improvements. Price, $3,500.

The beautiful new house and lot on Fellows street. Built and just completed by Mr. Scott. A very desirable property. Price, only $2,500.

C. H. HUGHES,
Schuler Building.

If you want to buy, sell or rent houses, lots or farms.

If you want loans or fire insurance, see Geo. C. Loveland, Loveland Bl'k.

STRONG BRO'S,

PAPER HANGING,
CALSOMINING
PAINTING,
DECORATING

IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART.

PRICES REASONABLE

—AND—

All : Work : Guaranteed

—BY THE—

STRONG - BRO'S,

63 North Water Street,
Dixon, Ill.

THE PETIT BIJOU



—A BEAUTIFUL—

UPRIGHT -:- PIANO.

—6½ OCTAVES—

In its construction, power and tone, it is a marvel, considering its size and price. Just the thing for small rooms. For sale on the monthly payment plan at

T. J. MILLER'S MUSIC STORE,
11 East First street.

CARRIAGES.

WAGONS. PAUL G. LORD, WAGONS.

Deals in Reliable Work

Twenty years' experience.

COSTS YOU NOTHING

CARRIAGES.

D. S. HORTON, PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST

DIXON, ILLINOIS.

SPRING : NOVELTIES

Dress Goods

—o— —In Endless Variety at— —o—

BROWN'S

Bedford Cords, Henriettas, Serges, Nun's Veilings, Drap-De-Alma, and a full stock of pretty wash fabrics, in all colors, for the spring season.

CHLOROPHYLE,
LIQUID COCHINEAL,
VANILLA POWDER,
and CHALMER'S GELATINE

—AT—

J. H. MORRIS & SON.

—WE HAVE A—

GREAT VARIETY

—OF—

HORSE AND TOILET HAIR CLIPPERS

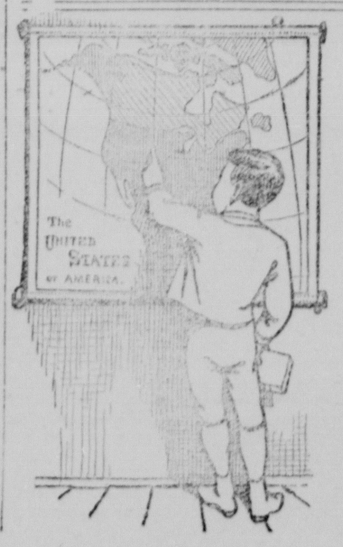
which we are offering at reasonable prices.

OUR STOCK OF RAZORS AND STROPS

—is also unusually complete.—

ALEXANDER & HOWELL,

112 Galena Avenue, near bridge.



EASY TO LOCATE.

It isn't hard to find the reason for the continual stream of people in our store. It's easier than finding anything on a map, simply because we sell

12 Pounds Best California Evaporated Peaches for $1.

15 Pounds Best California Evaporated Apricots for $1.

20 Pounds of Ondara Layer Raisins for $1.

and New England Peanut Taffy,

15c. Per Pound at I. B. Countryman's

CITY NATIONAL BANK.

SAMUEL. C. EELLS, Pres.
J. W. CRAWFORD, Vice-Pres.
LEONARD ANDRUS, Cashier.
CHAS. E. CHANDLER, Asst. Cash.

This bank is fully equipped to take care of its customers. Its safety deposit vaults and boxes should be patronized by everybody who desires absolute security for their valuable papers, jewelry, &c.

C. McBride,

PAINTS everything. Floors, ceilings, signs, houses—outside and inside. Wall papering done quickly and well. 161 Dixon avenue

J. W. STEPHENS,

DENTIST, has practiced in Dixon 24 years. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. OFFICE—Corner Main and Galena Ave.

F. E. MORRIS,

DENTIST. All work warranted first-class Office over G. D. Laing's, 119 Galena St

L. J. POLLOCK,

DENTIST, Opera Block, "established in Dixon eleven years." Full Set of best Teeth $8.00; extracting 25cts. All fillings and operations much lower than present prices.

James B. Charters,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Insurance agent, loans and collections. Office, room No. 6, Countryman's block, Dixon, Ill.

JOHN M. JULIEN, Real Estate Agent.

If you have a House, Lot, or any other Property to sell or exchange, list it with John M. Julien. Quick sales and small profits is our motto. For particulars call at my Barber Shop on Galena street, opposite Post Office.
JOHN M. JULIEN, Dixon

FOR SALE

PUBLIC AUCTION, Saturday the 19th of March, at the shop over A. Weigle's butcher shop, the household goods and shoemaker tools and material lately used by A. L. Fischer
3314 GEO. PFISTER.

FOR RENT. My farm of 60 acres, just north of milk factory. JAS. A. WATSON.
26-1m

CHEAP! One new, self-heating folding bath tub. Ash, zinc lined, finished in hard oil. Uses gasoline.
16-1m I. D. APPLEFORD & SON

A NEW 2-story dwelling house, 626 west Third street; suitable for two families; corner lot. Will be sold on reasonable terms Apply to 7tf CONRAD SALTZMAN,

LOTS No. 57 and 58 in Fargo's addition at a bargain. Inquire of J. H. Morris & Son.

MY residence and factory.
30-tf GEO. DEE.

FAIR WARNING! The last call! Another reduction at a great sacrifice. Will sell my magnificent residence, No. 352 West Third Street, Dixon, Ill., at the low figure of $4,600, if taken before March 1, 1892, that being expiration of lease and will give possession at that time. Any one desiring this great bargain, should call at once upon Chas. H Hughes or F. E. Wright, local agents.
G. L. BOSSEMEYER,
14&31tf 3756 Cottage Grove Ave.
Chicago.

CHICAGO LAWN LOTS. Buy while the prices are way down. Easy terms or trade for a good house in Dixon. Prospectus and maps sent free.
ROCKFORD SECURITY & INVESTMENT CO.
S. Fletcher Weyburn, Mn'g., Rockford, Ill.
&w

WANTED.

BOARDERS, by day or week, 216 Monroe street, known as Hess property, on Third street. (31-6.) M. E. TAYLOR.

GOOD, competent girl to do general house work, at 53 Boyd street.
34-3t MRS. J. H. TODD.

EDUCATED young man and two ladies to travel. Seventy-five to $100 per month easily made. Address,
RITTER & CO.,
34-6t 510 Woolner Block, Peoria, Ill.

FOR RENT.

A PLEASANT room in the Loveland block
25-tf GEO. LOVELAND.

GOOD HOUSE in Dement Town. Call at the office of Dixon & Bethea 18-tf

OFFICE ROOMS in the Dolan building for rent. Apply soon. 8-tf

DRESSMAKING.

ANYONE acqiring dressmaking at their own house, please call on
MISS HATTIE MELLINGER.
3418* S. W. Cor. Galena and Eighth st.

BARGAINS.

Our Chicago lots are still selling, and you can make money by buying of us. Write for maps, etc.
ROCKFORD SECURITY AND INVESTMENT CO.
3-tf S. F. WEYBURN, Mgr.

BEER.

In quart or pint bottles will be delivered to any part of the city from Keystone sample rooms. Telephone No. 74 12tf

If you wish to advertise anythidg anywhere at any time write to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co. No. 10 Spruce St., NEW YORK. 39

COLUMBIA BARBER SHOP.

DON'T fail to call at the Columbia Barber Shop when in need of tonsorial work Jno. Heft and Will Dryman, operators, 158 Galena avenue

Brown

— LEADING —

PHOTOGRAPHER

116 GALENA AVENUE,

DIXON, - - - ILLINOIS

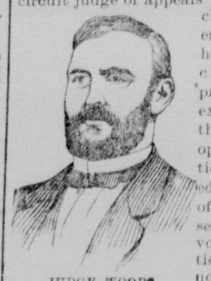
WOODS CONFIRMED.

The Long Fight in the Senate Over at Last.

A MAJORITY OF ONE DOES THE WORK

The Result Strictly Partisan, Peffer Voting Against Confirmation—Anti-Free Coinage Men Trying to Obtain More Time for Eloquence and Likely to Get a Week—Progress of the Wool Debate in the House—Attorney General Miller After the Combines—Official Items.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The long-pending contest over the nomination of Judge Woods, of Indiana, as United States circuit judge of appeals was brought to a close yesterday after another four-hours' discussion, chiefly one-sided, proceeding almost exclusively from the senators who opposed confirmation. It was expected that two at least of the Democratic senators would vote for confirmation, but this did not happen On the contrary the vote proceeded on strict party lines, with the exception that Peffer (Alliance) voted against the confirmation. The absence of several Republican senators without pairs made it unexpectedly close, the final roll-call being twenty-five for confirmation to twenty-four against. All the other judicial nominations were favorably acted upon except that of Judge Gilbert, of Oregon, nominated as judge of appeals. This was held up till today simply to secure Judge McKenna, nominated to fill the vacancy on the circuit bench of the same judicial district, occasioned by the death of Judge Sawyer, the precedence which follows from priority of confirmation.



JUDGE WOODS.

THE DEBATE ON FREE WOOL.

Tin-Plate and Senator Hill Bob Up in the Oratory.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—There was a little diversion at the very outset of the resumption in the house yesterday of the debate on the free wool bill. Payne said that though the tin plate business was undoubtedly established at many points in the country, it was difficult to convince Democrats that any tin-plate at all was made here. Bowers of California said there was a tin-plate industry in California, and Payne replied that he could find 100 Democrats to prove that it wasn't there at all, but in Cardiff, Wales. Bowers didn't seem to catch the drift of Payne's remarks, and with the exclamation that he didn't want to be called a liar, said he would place on his desk a 56 pound block of tin made in California.

Quoted From Hill's Speeches.

Payne then proceeded and being plied with economic questions by Harper, he (Payne) asked the gentleman if he had heard from Senator Hill yet. [Loud laughter.] He then proceeded to quote from Hill's speech at Birmingham on the tariff, and said to Harter that evidently Hill did not agree with the gentleman from Ohio or his party on this question, more than he did on silver. The Democratic party was afraid to go before the county with a complete tariff bill, and brought in separate measures as entering wedges to public feeling. The McKinley bill was a tribute to the completeness and wisdom of the Fifty-first congress. The Democrats confessed their incompetency in not reporting a full tariff bill. They wanted to tax the necessaries of life, sugar, coffee, boots, shoes, etc.

Raynor Defends the Plan.

Raynor of Maryland, referring to Paynes' criticism of the Democrats for attacking the law piecemeal, said that the committee had seen proper to select single items of absolute necessity and importance to the consumer and to send them into the senate with reduced duties, and upon this plan so formulated there was a prospect and a possibility of partial relief. Lower the duties upon the implements of husbandry and the utensils of the farm and let us see what position the representatives from the great agricultural states of the west will assume upon this question. Take off the duty on tin plate and let us see whether the people who consume the canned food products of the east have any influence with the public servants whom they have chosen to represent them.

A "Revenue Only" Reformer.

In conclusion he said: I am for a tariff for revenue, and not for a tariff for protection or monopoly. Any other construction is a perversion and a falsehood, and will sooner or later bring us to the threshold of a contest of the constitution that will involve the very life of the republic. It is today so distorted and disfigured that those who brought it into life would hardly recognize it as their offspring.

Wool the Basis of the Tariff.

Ellis of Kentucky favored the bill, and confined his argument to the question of free wool. The woolen schedule was the basis of the entire tariff. To break through this schedule would be to totter the entire structure. Free raw material would give cheaper goods, both to the manufacturer and consumer. Specific and compensatory duties were most obnoxious. The present law put wool and worsted goods out of reach of the poor. Shoddy clothing, manufactured from waste, scraps, and cast-off rags, is the character of goods the McKinley tariff law prescribed for the poor.

The Congressional Synopsis.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—A bill to make Council Bluffs, Ia., a port of delivery was passed yesterday by the senate. Another bill was passed changing the designation of "privates" in the army to "enlisted men." Peffer introduced a bill to experiment with electricity as a farm motor. The rest of the day was spent in executive session, and Judge Woods, of Indiana, with the other nominees as circuit judges, except Gilbert, of Oregon, who was held up on a point of courtesy, were confirmed.

The house spent the entire day discussing the free wool bill.

THE BIG TALK ON SILVER.

A Proposition Considered to Extend It to a Week.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Informal conferences between individual representatives of the silver and anti-silver wings of the Democracy were held yesterday upon a suggestion that the time for the debate of the Bland silver bill shall be extended from three to five or six days. But in the absence of any authority by the anti-silver men to speak for their associates nothing definite was accomplished. Whether or not anything will be done is doubtful. The discussion was started by Raynor of Maryland who spoke to Bland, suggesting an extension of the time for debate in order that there might be no apparent ground for the charge that the bill was rushed through the house at an undue rate of speed.

Bland Wants a Pledge.

Bland took the suggestion under consideration and yesterday had a talk with Williams of Massachusetts. It is understood that the silver bill leader and author stated to Williams his willingness to consent to the extension of the term of debate by the committee on rules, provided the anti-silver men would bind themselves to indulge in no filibustering. Williams, in the absence of Tracey, who is in charge of the Democratic opposition to the silver bill, said he did not feel authorized to enter into this obligation. He suggested to Bland that if he (Bland) thought more time should be allowed for discussion doubtless the committee on rules would heed his appeal for an extension.

Harter and Bland Have a Talk.

But as the proposition did not originate with Bland, and as he was not anxious for his own part that an extension should be made, it is perfectly safe to say that he will not disturb the committee on rules about the matter. Later in the day Harter and Bland had a talk about the time to be given to the discussion. Harter is perfectly willing that the anti-silver men shall agree not to filibuster, being convinced that this course on their part in treating such an important measure would injure their case before the people.

Nearly Reach an Agreement.

He wanted, however, that on amendments proposed to the bill the roll should be called for the purpose of putting members on record, and to this Bland was fully agreed. He authorized Harter to say to the committee on rules that he (Bland), with the understanding that there was to be no dilatory tactics pursued by the opposition, was willing to devote all of next week to the silver bill. Harter, however, will, he said, take no action until he has conferred with Tracey.

In Case of War with Britain.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Cutting of California, from the committee on militia, reported to the house yesterday his bill to reorganize the militia and increasing the appropriation therefor $200,000. In the report accompanying the bill he says Great Britain, could if uninterrupted, place within forty days an army of 100,000 men in the midst of the wheat fields, the lumber region and ore beds of the northwest, the entire output of which would be controlled by the presence of an army moving from Winnipeg south into the United States and thus cutting the Northern Pacific railroad.

An Interstate Commerce Case.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Argument was begun in the supreme court of the United States yesterday in the cases of the interstate commerce commission, appellant, against the Baltimore and Ohio Railway company. The appeal was taken from the decision of the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of Ohio refusing the application of the commission to restrain the railway company from the further sale of tickets at reduced rates to parties of ten or more. This sale was prohibited by the commission on the ground that the reduced rate was in violation of the interstate commerce law.

Trying to Execute the Law.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—"It is very likely," said Attorney General Miller, talking to a gentleman who had asked him if it were true that the department of justice was so hot after the Chicago beef combine that the managers had found it necessary to burn their books. "We are endeavoring to execute the anti-trust law, and wherever a concern is found which offers a fair field for investigation, that one is pursued to the best of our ability."

Electricity for Farm Work.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Senator Peffer has introduced a bill to establish an electrical experiment station for the purpose of investigating and determining whether electricity can be profitably applied as a motive power in the propulsion of farm machinery and implements. Ten thousand dollars is appropriated.

Morrill Seems to be Getting On.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The condition of Senator Morrill justifies the hope that he will soon be convalescent. He has improved rapidly lately.

FIGHTING ORGANIZED LABOR.

The Canadian Pacific Has a General Strike on Its Hands.

WINNIPEG, March 18.—The Canadian Pacific management, finding evidence that the conductors and brakeman of its western division were organizing a union, decided on Saturday to dismiss all who were found to be "disloyal." The dismissals commenced Sunday at noon. Every man refusing to stand by the company was promptly paid off. Some delays to trains were occasioned, but all of them, up to yesterday, had been kept moving.

The Strike Duly Inaugurated.

The conductors and brakemen on the Canadian Pacific railway finally went out on a strike at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The passenger trains are moving, but few freight trains are in operation. The strike was begun against the vigorous protest of a large majority of the men themselves and in response to the command of representatives of brotherhoods in the United States, who have been here for the past few days. There is little sympathy here for the strikers in view of the wages that the men appear to have been paid, according to the statement published by the company. During the busy months last year freight conductors seem to have earned from $90 to $160 per month each, and the two or three dullest months of the year freight conductors earned from $65 to $110, and brakemen from $55 to $85.

Another Unnatural Love Case.

MEMPHIS, March 18.—Another case of unnatural love, similar to the infatuation of Alice Mitchell for Freda Ward, has been discovered in this city. Addie Phillips and Minnie Hubbard are each 17 years old. On Sunday the two girls disappeared, and were not found for three days. Miss Phillips on her return home said she and Minnie had been together. She told her mother that she loved Minnie, and would rather be dead than separated from her. She further stated that she cared nothing for the society of men, and that Minnie was the only person she could marry, and this she intended to do as soon as she secured some money.

Latest Style of Press Room.

HARRISBURG, March 18.—The attorney general has instituted proceedings against the Philadelphia Inquirer company for an alleged violation of the insurance laws by offering $500 to each person killed with an Inquirer containing an insurance coupon, or the coupon itself on his or her person within twenty-four hours of date of issue of the paper.

Conspired Against a Woman.

BOSTON, March 18.—Detective Samuel D. Reed, of Haverhill, was held in $500 bail yesterday for alleged conspiracy with Charles H. Fiske to prove the latter's wife guilty of adultery so he might secure a divorce. Fiske has disappeared, but it is thought that he has gone to Maine, where an effort will be made to locate him.

IOWA REPUBLICANS

Delegates Selected to the Minneapolis Convention.

A CONTEST ON NATIONAL ISSUES

The Policy Decided Upon and Prohibition Ruled Out of the Fight—The Temporary Chairman Takes a Whack at Tammany—Substance of the Platform—Senator Hill Speaks at a Hibernian Banquet at Savannah—Spiritual Gift from a Georgia Hotelkeeper—Political Notes.

DES MOINES, March 18.—After ten days speculation, expectancy and doubt as to whether the Iowa Republican state convention would be harmonious the question has been solved in favor of harmony, and the Prohibitionist and anti-Prohibitionist Republicans nestle together cosily as kittens. The fight that was to have been made upon Mr. Cummins, who had been selected as temporary chairman, did not materialize. His opponents in Polk county, who kept him out of the convention as a delegate, contented themselves with that particular job for the reason, probably, that they felt the convention would not take up their cause.

Gave Cummins an Ovation.

Mr. Cummins' reception when introduced by Chairman Mack was of the most cordial nature. It was a welcome that amounted to almost an ovation. In his address he dwelt at great length on reciprocity and tariff and he vigorously defended the principle of protection, but the notable feature of his speech was an attack on Tammany hall and David Bennett Hill. While he was indulging in his fusillade the hall repeatedly rang with applause. Here's what he said:

A Whack at Tammany.

Just at this time the bar sinister has swept so clearly and unmistakably across the Democracy that he who values honesty in public affairs, who demands at least the appearance of purity in politics, whatever may be his views upon public questions must repudiate and condemn the influences now dominant in the Democratic party. For the first time in the history of the United States a great party, which numbers among its followers substantially one-half the voters in 65,000,000 of people, lies bound at the foot of a local organization. An organization which will compel the Democratic convention to accept its candidates for the highest offices known to the governments of the world. An organization that corrupts whatever it employs and pollutes whatever it touches.

Powerful in Politics.

An organization that in turn plunders ballot boxes, steals offices, bribes and intimidates voters, manipulates returns, and subverts to its own immoral purposes its entire membership. An organization that is not more detested by Republicans than it is hated by the better element of the Democracy. And yet because this society arrogates to itself the power to determine the result of an election in New York, Democrats everywhere will yield to its pretensions and adopt its candidate. It may not be David Bennett Hill, who today stands as the acknowledged embodiment of all that is bad, vicious, and demoralizing to politics; but, whoever it may be, he will bow the knee to Baal and subordinate himself to the grand sachem of iniquity. The Tammany society was organized a hundred years or more ago for the purpose of furnishing aid to bury its indigent members.

Wants to Bury It Alive.

The time has come when the whole society is indigent; indigent in morals, in honesty, in decency, in everything that is good and pure. Let us now come to its assistance and bury the living, not the dead, so deep beneath our indignation that the stench of its decaying power will never reach the nostrils of a virtuous people. We appeal to all lovers of right and haters of wrong to rid the country of the octopus whose slimy tentacles having encompassed the metropolis, having wound its dirty arms about the Capitol of the Empire State, having thrust a noisome finger into the senate chamber of the United States, is now creeping with its quivering filthiness toward the presidential mansion.

A Tribute to the Administration.

Referring to President Harrison the speaker said:

The wise, the steady, the patriotic hand of President Harrison has contributed nothing but honor to his country. The genius of another who serves his country whenever and wherever he can serve them best has added a luster of glory that criticism can neither tarnish nor obscure; but sinking individuals into a common embodiment of the party, and we look upon an administration that has so guarded and defended the honor of our flag that to be beneath the stars and stripes is to be as secure abroad as at home; that has faithfully executed our laws, that has redeemed every pledge of its party and performed every promise to the people.

THE CONVENTION'S DAY'S WORK.

Delegates at Large Selected and Platform Adopted.

The permanent organization was effected with ex-Representative I. S. Struble as chairman. He made a brief address in which he eulogized President Harrison, and was loudly cheered by the delegates, two-thirds of whom are for a renomination.

The convention elected as delegates at-large J. S. Clarkson, chairman of the national committee; ex-Governor John H. Gear; chairman of the state central committee, E. E. Mack, and D. C. Chase, member of the legislature from Harrison county. The three latter are known to favor the renomination of Harrison. The liberal element was recognized by the selection of Temporary Chairman Cummins as alternate delegate-at-large to the national convention. The other alternates are George A Taylor (colored), of Oskaloosa; Bruce D. Seaman, of Davenport, and William Eaton, of Hamburg.

Platform Entirely National.

A resolution endorsing Prohibition was presented to the committee on resolutions and voted down. The platform as presented and adopted deals entirely with national issues. It is brief and general in its scope. It declares that the Republicans of Iowa enter upon the campaign with full confidence that the party in its national convention will make a declaration of principles and nominate a ticket in full harmony with the Republican past, and that it will be true to the purpose and conviction of the party. In order to eliminate state issues from the approaching campaign it declares that there is no test of fealty to the national Republican party other than adherence to its platform. The administration of President Harrison is cordially endorsed; "he has kept every pledge made by the party, and surrounded himself by a cabinet which has added new laurels to American statesmanship. Republicans in all parts of the state are urged to ignore local issues and to unite for victory on the national platform.

MICHIGAN'S ELECTORAL LAW.

The Democratic Programme as Stated by Gov. Winans.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 18.—Governor Winans yesterday outlined what course the Democrats would pursue upon the Miner law by which presidential electors are elected by districts instead of on a general ticket.

He has no doubt of the validity of the law, but the Republicans will carry it to the state supreme court. If it declares against the law the case will be appealed to the United States supreme court for a final decision, and this decision will hardly be reached before election.

"Catch 'Em Both Comin' and Goin.'"

In the meantime—continued Governor Winans—we will proceed on the assumption that the law is valid. We will elect delegates by districts as the law provides. The state canvassing board will be a Democratic body and will recognize the new law as the only law to proceed under. Unless the Republicans fall into line and nominate and elect by districts instead of upon a general ticket they will find the state will be solid for the Democratic ticket. The canvassing board will issue certificates of election to those electors chosen according to the provisions of the new law. If the Republicans persist in demanding that the electors chosen under the old law be recognized the question will go before the Democratic house of representatives to decide which set of electors to accept.

GAVE HILL SOME WHISKY.

A Georgia Hotel Keeper Who Seems Pretty Hard to Please.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 18.—Senator Hill arrived at Atlanta yesterday morning early and held an informal reception at his hotel, leaving that city an hour later. At Jackson he shook hands with a large number of citizens and at Macon there was a great throng which greeted the distinguished visitor heartily. He made a brief speech, saying that he was proud of the Democracy of Georgia.

What's the Matter with that Boniface?

All the way from Macon to Savannah, wherever the train made a brief stop, some of the people boarded it to shake the senator's hand. At 1:30 o'clock the party took dinner at Wadley. The proprietor of the railway hotel presented a miniature bottle of whisky to the senator, with the remark that he had been reading some of his speeches, and he wanted him to "put a little more Democracy into them." The senator laughingly accepted the souvenir, and also a beautiful bouquet of flowers which one of Wadley's fair daughters had sent to him. (Senator Hill does not drink.) The whole town turned out and asked for a speech, but there was no time.

Arrival and Speech at Savannah.

The train arrived here at 4:45 p. m. At 5:30 the Hill club serenaded the governor, and he made a brief speech. In the evening he attended the Hibernian society banquet and made an extended address. He kept the table in a roar by witty remarks which he called Hibernian reasons why he had been invited to the banquet. He said that an English writer had explained why Lord Brougham had been elevated to the woolsack as follows: "Lord Brougham was a man of splendid incapacity, vast and various misinformation, and immense moral requirements." Now, I can make an affidavit that the Hibernian society of Savannah would have asked that man to a dinner and treated him with magnificent hospitality. [Laughter and applause.] Moreover, he could smoke; and I can't. He could get drunk, and except with cold water or coffee, I am just as wretchedly incapable of that vice as if it were a virtue.

Looking to Next November.

Continuing he said: True Democracy has survived; the people's rule has survived. Next November will wipe away its latest interruption. [Cheers.] Our more perfect union, indestructible in itself and no less indestructible in its constituent parts, has survived. [Applause.] Our constitution has survived almost seamless, quite unimpaired in fabric and supreme in authority. Our individual freedom has survived, to which the whole substance, form and authority of all this framework are merely ministrant. [Prolonged applause.]

The Senator's Movements.

Senator Hill decided to go to Augusta today. He has about decided not to make a speech at Norfolk, as he has dispatches saying that the weather is bad. He may stop there for an hour to shake hands with his friends before taking the boat for Washington. The senator received an invitation from the Hill club of Nashville which he was obliged to decline.

THE GOSSIP AT YOKOHAMA.

Mrs. Hetherington a Very Fascinating Americaine.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—The passengers arriving on the Oceanic are still gossiping about Lieutenant Hetherington. One of the naval officers said: "The general opinion is for Mrs. Hetherington and Gower Robinson. The lady, it seems, was fascinating, and not a brainless flirt, as some others seem to think. She got herself into hot water upon her arrival out there by wearing a cadet jacket on the Bund in the afternoon. This jacket had brass navy buttons and a chevron of embroidered gold on each sleeve.

Awakened Tender Memories.

"It is a garment such as is much worn by girls who live near Annapolis and was calculated to awaken tender memories in the breasts of naval officers. It did and at the same time it aroused the ire of Mrs. Admiral Beiknap, who runs society in the Grand hotel and lives aboard the flagship when she pleases. It was eventually announced that cadet jackets were too conspicuous for young married women.

Only Made Her Gayer.

"This served simply to urge Mrs. Hetherington to gayer robes. At all events, she has the entire sympathy of the Charleston's officers, and many of them wish they were in Yokohama now. It was with the Charleston's junion officers that she and Gower Robinson had all their little dinners and parties."

SAID THE STORY WAS "ROT."

An Alleged Cleveland Incident That His Friends Deny.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Evening Telegram published a spread story yesterday under a scare head to the effect that Grover Cleveland recently wrote a letter declaring that he would not allow his name to be put in nomination.

This letter was said to have been written for publication, but just before it was to be given to the press Mrs. Cleveland sent for one of the most trusted friends of her husband and with the assistance of old Cleveland men the leader was persuaded to withdraw the letter.

They All Repudiate It.

A reporter showed this letter to ex-Secretary Fairchild, E. Ellery Anderson and other friends and supporters of Mr. Cleveland. They all declare that the story had no foundation; that they had never heard of Mr. Cleveland writing such a letter and they were positive he had not done so. At the headquarters of the provisional state Democratic committee the story was said to be "rot."

Stabbed His Daughter in the Hip.

BABYLON, L. I., March 18.—Michael McGloyne, 72 years old, stabbed his daughter Margaret in the hip Wednesday, dangerously wounding her. It appears that Thomas Griffith, a neighbor, was paying attention to the girl, who is 19 years old, and McGloyne objected to this. The girl was headstrong and insisted upon having the attentions of her lover. Other members of the family took part in the quarrel about the matter, which ended with the stabbing with a carving knife, McGloyne was arrested.

Cut Off Both of His Legs.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 18.—An extractor in Whitney & Mold's Indigo works in Millbury exploded Wednesday. Willard Rice, an expressman, had both legs cut off above the knee, and is not expected to recover. Joseph Perry had his right leg broken and was otherwise injured.

WOE FOR CITY DADS

Chicago's Aldermen Charged with Bold Boodlery.

TWENTY-FIVE OF THEM INVOLVED,

And the State's Prison at Joliet Declared Certain To Be the Future Address of Several—Evidence Enough to Convict Alleged To Be Ready—Prominent Citizens Implicated as Bribers—Startling Revelations Promised of Official Cupidity and Rascality.

CHICAGO, March 17.—If what this morning's newspapers state is susceptible of proof State's Attorney Longenecker and the Citizen's association have begun an investigation which will be completed only when a large number of the city aldermen are landed behind the bars of the Joliet penitentiary. Yesterday the grand jury, at the instance of the state's attorney and on the strength of the evidence submitted to him, decided to at once begin an investigation of the alleged boodling methods of the council. Subpœnaes will be issued today for certain aldermen, among them Aldermen Kunz, Dahlman, Dorman, Roth, Cremer, Cullerton and O'Brien, and they will appear before the official inquisitors. Indictments and arrests will follow in quick succession.

Say the Evidence Is Convincing.

Briefly told this is what is published:

There is plenty of evidence to convict some of the most prominent aldermen, and it has been furnish by their colleagues. The proceedings of the council for the last year or two have been engaging the close attention of several well known citizens. They have been gathering evidence against the aldermen and have now turned it over to the state's attorney. This with the evidence of some members of the council, who hope to appease offended justice and retain their liberty, makes a strong and convincing indictment against the "sand baggers" of the council.

Will Be Promptly Indicted.

The evidence is ample to secure conviction Some of those who have been regarded as the bravest boodlers are now falling over each other in their hurry to reach the state's attorney's office. There was consternation among them yesterday when they learned that their official acts were to become a subject of investigation by the grand jury. Several were paralyzed with fright when they found that they were being shadowed by detectives. There is therefore no possibility of their escaping justice by flight to Canada. In a few hours indictments will be returned by the grand jury, and those aldermen who have boldly and almost publicly sold franchises to corporations will be in the clutches of the law.

WHAT WILL BE SWORN TO.

That It Costs Money to Secure Several Franchises.

Witnesses will be before the grand jury today who will testify regarding the sums of money paid for various franchises granted in the last year, the amount each alderman received for his vote, and when, where and by whom the money was paid. The envelopes which contained the cash will be exhibited, and it will be shown that they were handed to the boodlers in certain saloons and meeting places. It will also appear in evidence that the toilet room of the council chamber was a favorite place for the passing of money from the boss boodlers to the greedy councilmen.

It is known that aldermen have "squealed." Public criticism has been too strong for these weak ones, and they determined to save their own liberty by turning state's evidence rather than take any more chances. Last night it was impossible to find certain aldermen at their homes, and it was whispered that they had already taken flight.

The Franchises Purchased.

It will be shown that the Bacon compressed air, the Northern Pacific and Economic gas ordinances went through by virtue of the purchase in hard cash of the votes of city fathers Who these were, the price of their votes and the people who paid for them will be given and those who paid the money and made the purchase will be held amenable to the law as fully as those who sold their votes.

He Holds a Full Hand.

"I have all the evidence I require," said State's Attorney Longenecker "to convict several aldermen and I will place it before the grand jury. I can assure you it will not only be ample to convict the boodlers, but it will cause a sensation in this community." It is said that twenty-five aldermen are implicated and that the bribers are among Chicago's most prominent citizens.

Convention of Labor Commissioners.

CHICAGO, March 18.—The national executive board of the American Association of State Labor Commissioners met at the Palmer house Wednesday. Commissioner Bodine, of Colorado, presided. Commissioners Peck, of New York; Peelle, of Indiana; Batton, of Kansas, and Wright, of Washington, were present. After the transaction of routine business the committee selected May 24 to 28 inclusive as the date of the ninth annual convention, which will be held at Denver, Col. Reports from commissioners of various states assured a large attendance at Denver.

Carpet Mills Consolidation.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 18.—Negotiations are pending for the consolidation of two of the largest carpet manufactories of the city. The capitalization will be over $1,000,000, the annual output run to nearly $3,000,000 in value, and 1,000 hands given employment. Ivins, Dietz and Magee, and Hogg and Metzger, the firms whose amalgamation is in prospect, with a single exception are the Philadelphia leaders in the manufacture of body Brussels carpets and large producers of Wiltons and ingrains.

Explains Some Mine Disasters.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., March 18.—Mine Inspector Stein has applied to the county court for the arrest of eleven miners charged with violating the law providing that no more than ten miners shall ride on a shaft or slope cage at one time. The miners refused to get off the cage and refused to say who got on last. The penalty is a fine of $500 or three months' imprisonment or both. This is the first case of the kind ever instituted in the region.

Winter Wheat in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, March 18.—Reports from thirty-one counties in Kansas along the line of the Union Pacific road show the condition of winter wheat to be exceptionally good and the probable acreage unusually large. The probable crop area of 1892 is 101,534 acres in excess of that of the year previous. In only one county is the condition of wheat reported poor.

The Census of New York.

ALBANY, March 18.—With a very few exceptions the returns from all the counties in the state have been received from the census enumerators, and although several have been sent back for completion and correction, a reliable computation has been made. The census of the state as compiled shows: Total population 1892, 6,479,780; 1890, 5,997,853.

The——

Latest Novelties

—IN—

COLLARS

JUST OUT.

A turn down collar that is as high as a standing collar. Ties to go with them.

J. H. Todd & Son,

CLOTHIERS & FURNISHERS,
Dixon, Illinois.

—— GREAT ——

BARGAINS

—IN—

FURNITURE.

—THE—

Largest Line to Select

—— FROM ——

AND we will from this date on, and through the month of March, sell furniture at manufacturers prices. We will not be undersold. Remember, these bargains can be found

—AT—

C. CONNERMAN'S FURNITURE STORE

No. 59 First street.

J. V. & J. E. THOMAS

AGENTS FOR THE

Leading Fire, Life and Accident

Insurance Companies

OFFICE, NO. 4, OPERA BLOCK

SECOND FLOOR Dixon, Ill

If you want a room Whitewashed or a portrait painted, McKenney's workmen can do it, 16 and 18 First Street.

Notice to Housekeepers!

—o—

HEATLE & WOODRUFF wish to inform the public that they have large

Storage - Rooms

for stoves and other household furniture, which they will

RENT AT REASONABLE PRICES.

CASH paid for Rags, Old Stoves, Scrap Iron, Tallow Greese, etc

HARD AND SOFT COAL FOR SALE

TELEPHONE NO. 37.

Leave orders at Donaldson's Drug Store. Wood for sale.

TO REDUCE STOCK

Having a large supply of all goods in the line of Merchant Tailoring, which must be reduced one-half in the next 60 days, will put prices way down lower thad ever before to prepare for spring stock. We never advertise that which we cannot produce, and mean what we say. Please call and examine goods and prices.

M. CAHILL,

No. 9, First Street.

The Plymouth

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

HATTERS AND GENTS' FURNISHERS

— THE —

SPRING SEASON

is very near at hand, and we wish to call your attention to our exceedingly large and complete stock of

CLOTHING

Hats and Furnishing Goods,

Trunks and Valises,

which has been

Selected With the Greatest Care

and without doubt is unparalleled in Northern Illinois.

OUR BUSINESS HAS GROWN

to such great proportions that we are warranted in carrying a stock greatly in excess of anything hitherto attempted, and in

Detail - and - Assortment

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

and comprehensive to a degree.

— WE ARE —

MAKERS

of all the clothing we handle

and in all the products of our manufacturing, the highest standard of excellence is scrupulously maintained.

Our business methods are such as meet general approval, and inspire that confidence so essential to the attainment of large results, and with our immense stock and unequalled facilities, and lowest prices, we are prepared to meet your wants.

Kindly soliciting a share of your liberal patronage, and thanking you for past favors and a continuance of same,

We are, Very Respectfully,

THE PLYMOUTH,

Main Street, McBride building. One-Price Clothiers.

-GO TO-

C. C. GODFREY,

—FOR—

Candies, Nuts, Figs, Grapes and Oranges. He has the best assortment in Dixon and prices the lowest in town.

CROCKERY!

The largest stock ever opened in Dixon Call and see for yourself.

Fancy and Staple Groceries!

C. C. GODFREY

DIXON, ILLINOIS.

—FOUR —

ELEGANT CHAMBER SETS

AT COST.

One $75 Suit at $60

One $70 Suit at $58.

One $55 Suit at $45.

One $40 Suit at $35.

H. CAMP & SON.

Another Shipment

—OF—

New and complete line of the very latest styles of

Well Selected Stock of Cloths

Which will be made up in

FIRST CLASS STYLE

At Varied Prices.

Fair Overcoats at $20 and Upwards, Suits and Pants, etc., in proportion.

Wedding Outfits A Specialty!

ED. CAHILL

No. 18 Galena Ave., up one flight.

FURNITURE

— we are still —

MOVING

it, and shall continue our low prices through

MARCH.

It speaks for itself.

C. H. KEYES

63 MAIN STREET.

Sale Stable!

On Seventh Street, between Galena Avenue and Hennepin.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD!

GIVE ME A CALL

JAMES C. CARNEY.

— SPECIAL —

CLEARING SALE

— OF —

Boots and Shoes.

In order to make room for our

SPRING STOCK

we will offer for sale for

A Few Weeks Longer

at greatly reduced prices, many very choice bargains in boots and shoes, that will please you in wear as well as fit and style.

Haley & Drew,

Main Street, Dixon Ill.

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS & GUITARS



Sent anywhere on 10 days trial. Freight paid both ways Send for catalog & price list

THOMPSON MUSIC CO.

250 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.

N. B. Send 6c to pay postage and we will send 2 pieces of late music FREE and our large catalog of Sheet Music and Books with cut rates.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

Max Strakosch, the famous impresario, died at New York of paralysis.

Deacon will be tried for killing his wife's paramour Abeille, at Cannes, on May 16.

The New York assembly has passed the senate World's fair bill, appropriating $300,000.

The liabilities of Guenzberg, the Russian banker, are estimated at between 15,000,000 and 20,000,000 roubles.

An immense throng of people attended the funeral of the late grand duke of Hesse at Darmstadt, Germany.

Tennessee Democratic conventions will meet as follows, all at Nashville: To select delegates to Chicago, May 26; state ticket, Aug. 9.

Cleveland is "all tore up" over the report that five immigrants suffering with typhus fever are on their way to that city. The officials are on the qui vive.

Secretary Foster has arrived at home from England in improved health. One of his first callers at New York was O'Donovan Rossa, who failed to see the secretary

Franz Schneider, convicted of murdering servant girls, was executed in Vienna. Two poachers were hanged in England for killing a game keeper who caught them poaching.

St. Patrick's Day was duly celebrated all over the United States. The Irish flag flew from the New York city hall and the Chicago city officials had a holiday by the grace of the city council.

A. R. Lea, a member of the Wisconsin legislature, is openly charged by E. E. Gordon, of Chicago, with complicity in the murder of H. C. Mead, a banker of Waupaca, Wis., who was murdered during the night of Oct. 6, 1882. Lea has sued Gordon for slander.

Will Only Build Eight Miles.

BOSTON, March 18.—Reports of an important extension of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy lines at the Black hills have only this basis: That the company has let a contract for the building of eight miles of road into the Rubie basin at the Black hills. This is all the extension the company contemplates at present at this place. It is, however, laying the rails upon some fifty miles of completed grading to carry its northwestern extension west of Gillette to the foot of the mountains.

Had Reason to Disappear.

TOLEDO, March 18.—Albert E. Pope, the most prominent insurance agent in the city, has disappeared. Special examiners of the companies which he represented are examining his books. They have already found a shortage of over $10,000, and it is believed the total will reach twice that. Pope was last seen here Saturday evening. He took several hundred dollars with him. For two months past he has drunk heavily. His wife is momentarily expected to die.

Ireland at the World's Fair.

LONDON, March 18.—Sir Henry Wood, the British commissioner for the Chicago fair, has returned to London from Dublin, where he has been organizing things for an active campaign in Ireland on behalf of the fair. He succeeded in forming a large and influential company headed by the mayor of Dublin, and composed of men of energy, who will not neglect any opportunity to make the Irish section of the British exhibit a success.

Secretary Blaine's Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Secretary Blaine and Assistant Secretary of War Grant are both reported much improved. They expect to resume their official duties next week.

A Minnesota Town Burning.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 18.—Clear Lake, Wis., is burning. One of the largest hotels, a hall and a dry goods store are in flames. The fire is past control.

The Weather We May Expect.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The following are the weather indications for twenty-four hours from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Upper Michigan—Fair weather; westerly winds; warmer. For Lower Michigan—Generally fair weather, except light local snows at lake stations; northerly winds; a slight rise in temperature and warmer; fair tomorrow. For Wisconsin—Warmer, generally fair weather today and tomorrow; winds shifting to westerly. For Iowa—Generally fair, slightly warmer weather today and tomorrow; winds shifting to southerly. For Illinois—Generally fair weather today and tomorrow; warmer by tomorrow morning; northwesterly winds. For Indiana—Generally fair weather today and tomorrow, with slowly rising temperature.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 17.

Following were the quotations on the board of trade today: Wheat—March, opened 84¾c, closed 83½c, May, opened 86½c, closed 84¾c; July, opened 83½c, closed 84¼c. Corn—March, opened 38¾c, closed 37½c; May, opened 39¾c, closed 38¾c; June, opened 39c, closed 37¾c. Oats—May, opened 25½c, closed 25¼c; June, opened 28⅞c, closed 28c. Pork—March, opened $10.5, closed $10.05; May, opened $10.50, closed $10.20. Lard—March, opened $6.27½, closed $6.22½.

Live stock—Prices at the Union Stock yards today ranged as follows: Hogs—Market fairly active, shippers and packers both buying and prices ruled 5@10c lower; sales ranged at $3.85@4.70 pigs, $4.30@4.50 light, $4.20@4.40 rough packing, $4.45@4.85 mixed, and $4.45@4.80 heavy packing and shipping lots.

Cattle—Market moderately active and prices steady; quotations ranged at $4.60@5.10 choice to extra shipping steers, $3.95@4.55 good to choice do, $3.50@3.95 fair to good, $3.00@3.55 common to medium do, $3.00@3.60 butchers' steers, $2.50@3.20 stockers, $2.75@3.90 Texas steers, $3.10@3.80 feeders, $1.50@3.40 cows, $1.75@3.00 bulls and $3.50@6.50 veal calves.

Sheep—Market moderately active and prices steady; quotations ranged at $4.75 @ 5.8. westerns, $4.50@6.10 natives, and $5.25@6.80 lambs.

Produce: Butter—Fancy separator, 27@28c per lb; creameries, 26@27c; dairies, fancy, fresh, 21@22c; packing stock, fresh, 14@15c. Eggs—Fresh candled, loss off, 12½@13c per doz. Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, fair good, 10@11c per lb; roosters, 6c; ducks, 13@14c; geese, 9@11c; turkeys, young toms, 14c; fancy hens, 14c; old gobblers, 9c. Potatoes—Hebrons, 35@45c per bu; Burbanks, 32@35c; Rose, 32@35c for seed; Pearless, 30@32c for seed; common to poor mixed lots, 20@25c. Sweet potatoes, Illinois, $1.50@2.25 per bbl. Apples—Common, $1.50 per bbl; good, $1.75@2.00; fancy, $2.25.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 17.

Wheat—No. 2 red winter cash, $1.03¾; March, 96¾c; April, 99⅝c; May, 97½c; June, 93¾c. Corn—No. 2 mixed cash, 48c; April 47½c; May, 46¾c. Oats—Dull; No. 1 mixed cash, 34c; March, 35c; May, 37c. Rye—Dull but steady; 92@97c in car lots and boat loads. Barley—Dull and unchanged; two-rowed state, 65@66. Pork—Dull but steady; mess, $9.75@10.50. Lard—Quiet; May, $6.62; July, $6.73.

Live Stock—Cattle Market firm, but no trading in beeves; dressed beef, steady; native sides, 6@8c per lb. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, firm; lambs, slow at a decline of ¼c per lb; sheep, $5.50@6.87½ per 100 lbs; lambs, $7.00@7.50. Hogs—Nominally steady; live hogs, $4.90@5.55 per 100 lbs.

A Boy's Essay on Breath.

A little boy in the North Side public school handed in to the teacher his following composition on "Our Breath:"

Our breath is made of air. If it were not for our breath we would die. The breath keeps going through our liver, our lights and our lungs. Boys shut up in a room all day should not breathe, they should wait until they get out doorz. Air in a room has carbonocide in it and carbonocide is poisoner than mad dogs. Once some men was shut up in a black hole in India, a carbonocide got into that there hole and afore morning nearly every one of them was dead. Girls wear corsets which squeeze their diagrams too much. Girls cannot run and holler like boys cause their diagrams are squeezed. If I was a girl I would just run and holler so my diagram would grow. That's all on breath.—Minneapolis Journal.

Racing for a Wife in Singapore.

In Singapore the bridegroom must secure his bride in a race, and this custom of bride chasing is quite common throughout southern and eastern Asia. In Singapore a circular course is marked out, half of which is traversed by the maiden ere the word is given for the would be possessor to go in pursuit, in the hope of overtaking her before she has thrice compassed the circle; that achieved she has no choice but to take the victor for her lord.

The water chases in canoes, another marriage ceremonial of Singapore, is very similar to the foot race and both are usually of short duration, for the fair quarry is only too willing to be caught.—London Standard.

Man's Third Eye.

We must bear in mind that man retains in his anatomy not a few remnants and vestiges of organs which, no longer serviceable or required by humanity, yet played and still play in lower life many important parts. The pineal gland of our brain is such a structure. Descartes allocated the soul to this gland. Now we know it is simply a vestige of a median eye, which once upon a time, in our far back ancestry, existed on the top of the head, and which, for that matter of it, still exists as an eye in some fishes and in certain lizards.—Illustrated London News.

Bay Rum.

The best bay rum is manufactured from an essential oil distilled from the leaves of the West Indian myrtle tree. An inferior quality is made from the leaves of the English bay of laurel. The West Indian plant will not grow in this climate, and can only be seen in hothouses, but its fragrance is very remarkable, and it is said that the tree can be detected in a forest at a distance of hundreds of feet by the perfume of its leaves.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Eiffel Tower of Toilet Articles.

316,574 bottles of Blush of Roses sold in 1890. You know I could not have sold so much if Blush of Roses was not as represented, a sure cure for pimples, freckles and blackheads. In 1892 I predict it will be sold by every druggist, and used by every lady and gentlemen in the United States. Tillson & Hayden will supply you at 75 cents per bottle.

New Washington, Penn., People

are not slow about taking hold of a new thing, if the article has merit. A few months ago David Byers, of that place, bought his first stock of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has sold it all and ordered more. He says: "It has given the best satisfaction. I have warranted every bottle and have not had one back." Twenty-five cent, 50 cent and $1 bottles for sale by Tillson & Hayden.

Don't Grunt

About losing sleep last night on account of that hacking cough, when Cubeb Cough Cure will relieve it in one minute. It is not a cure for consumption, but affords relief, and will prevent it. Thousands of testimonials could be furnished, but you are only asked to give it a trial to be convinced. Nothing will take the place of it. Druggists unite in saying it gives better satisfaction than all others.

For sale by H. E. Donaldson, druggist.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

For sale by Tillson & Hayden, druggists

Mrs. L. R. Patton, Rockford, Ill, writes: "From personal experience I can recommend De Witt's Sarsaparilla, a cure for impure blood and general debility. D. S. Horton.

La Grippe Successfull Treated.

I have just recovered from a second attack of the grippe, this year," says Mr. Jas. O. Jones, publisher of the *Leader*, Mexia, Tex. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy; and, I think, with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days, against ten days for the first attack. The second attack, I am satisfied, would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed about six hours after being struck with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting down." Fifty cent bottles for sale by Tillsen & Hayden.

Cubeb Cough Cure—one minute

Catching Cold.

It is apparently a slight thing to take cold, as it is called, and yet this is the beginning of nearly all the maladies that afflict the human race. The story of half the diseases that prove fatal, are: "He took cold, but paid no attention to it, and before he suspected anything was wrong, it had made too great progress to be dislodged, and at last proved fatal." If, therefore, you would live long and enjoy yourself, "don't take cold." If you are exposed or are caught in a storm, or are suddenly chilled by a change in temperature, lose no time, but take Red's German Cough and Kidney Cure. It is the best thing for cases of this kind that was ever put on the market. It contains no poison, and, consequently, there is no danger from an overdose. This makes it an invaluable remedy for the household, and especially for children. It can be obtained of all druggists.

SYLVAN REMEDY CO.
Peoria, Ills.

All Diseases Cured

by the Canadian chemist, Prof. Brunton's Alkaline treatment, "Curative Fluid" and "Curative Absorbents." Thousands restored. Call or write. Consultation free. Prof. W. Y. Brunton, 188 North Clark street, Chicago. 72-1m

Science Works Wonders.

I had rheumatism so that I was all drawn over to one side. My hip sank in so that you could lay your hand in the cavity, and I did not work for a year. Nothing did me any good until I tried Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup. Four bottles cured me.—Albert King, Van Vert, Ohio.

Bright people are the quickest to recognize a good thing and buy it. We sell lots of bright people the Little Early Risers. If you are not bright these pills will make you so. D. S. Horton, Druggist.

Neuralgia Cured in Fifteen Minutes.

Mr. J. S. Stutevant, editor of the Waupaca (Wis.) *Post* says: "Last night Chamberlain's Pain Balm cured my wife of neuralgia of the face and tooth in fifteen minutes. We would not be without it." Fifty cent bottles for sale by Tillson & Hayden.

Babies.

Every mother knows how disagreeable and annoying rash or any other skin eruptions is to her babe during the winter months, when the child gets so little fresh air. Hot Springs Skin Salveis the thing for it. For sale by H. E. Donaldson, Druggist.

It is a fixed and immutable law that to have good, sound health, one must have pure rich and abundant blood. There is no shorter nor surer route than by a course of DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. D. S. Horton, Druggist

A Remarkable Cure for Rheumatism.

Messrs. Cage and Sherman, of Alexander, Tex., write us regarding a remarkable cure of rheumatism there as follows: "The wife of Mrs. Wm. Pruitt, the postmaster here, had been bed-ridden with rheumatism for several years. She could get nothing to do her any good. We sold her a bottle of Chamberlain's Cream Balm, and she was completely cured by its use. We refer any one to her to verify this statement." Fifty cents a bottle. For sale by Tillson & Hayden.

What are Krause's Headache Capsules?

To be brief will tell you they are unlike anything prepared in America. A few years since an acquaintance who for years hed beena headache sufferer, until his system had beennealy ruined, was advise to go to the Carlsbad Spring, Germany, to try the effects of water. While the waters were apparently a benefit, still they were not a cure. While at the Springs he heard a great deal about the court physician, Dr. Krause, who afterwards became famous the world over owing to the Mackenzie controversy during and after the last illness of the Emperor, William.

He consulted Dr. Karuse in regard to his headaches, and to quote the doctor's words "Here is a prescription which if taken as I direct, will prevent or stop any kind of headache, no matter what the cause. You will find the frequency of the attack will diminish and by taking the capsules when you feel the approach of a headache you will never have another."

The patient was practically cured and with his permission I prepared, and sell what I have seen fit to call Karuse's Headache Capsules to Headache victims.

For sale by H. E. Donaldson.

Farming in the South.

It is astonishing that hundreds of northern farmers have settled in the south at points on, or adjacent to, the southern division of the Illinois Central Railroad within the past five years, nor is it remarkable that instead of confining themselves to the cultivation of cotton exclusively, they are diversifying their crops with gratifying results. One of the important questions in the mind of any northern farmer who contemplates locating in the South is: "What crops can be profitably grown in that latitude?" The passenger department of the Illinois Central Railroad will, on application to Mr. J. F. Merry, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Manchester, Iowa, mail free the following pamphlets: "Southern Home Seekers' Guide," "How to get Rich in the South," "Truck Farming," and "Farmers' and Fruit Growers' Guide to McComb City, Miss." These publications contain valuable information and should be read by every farmer looking for a southern home. 64t5&26t10

If dull, spiritless and stupid; if your blood is thick and sluggish; if your appetite is capricious and uncertain, you need a Sarsaparilla. For best results take DeWitt's. D. S. Horton.



I am a **Trav'ling man!** I'll tell you of my plan.
In spite of all temptation
I pursue my old vocation,
I'm still a Trav'ling man! A jolly **Fairbank** man!

CHORUS:

For he himself has said it,
And it's greatly to his credit,
That he is a **Trav'ling man!** That he is a **Fairbank** man!

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

Sold by Traveling men and Grocers Everywhere. Manufactured only by

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

We use Alcohol

pure alcohol to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING. Alcohol is good for leather, it is good for the skin. Alcohol is the chief ingredient of Cologne, Florida Water, and Bay Rum the well known face washes. We think there is nothing too costly to use in a good leather preservative.

Acme Blacking retails at 20c.

and at that price sells readily. Many people are so accustomed to buying a dressing or blacking at 5c. and 10c. a bottle that they cannot understand that a blacking can be **cheap** at 20c. We want to meet them with cheapness if we can, and to accomplish this we offer a reward of

$10,000

for a recipe which will enable us to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING at such a price that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. We hold this offer open until Jan. 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

KIRK'S

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

AMERICAN FAMILY

SOAP

A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY.

BEST FOR

General Household Use.



Taken in time, even Consumption yields to the wonderful effects of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It won't make new lungs—but it will make diseased ones healthy when nothing else will. There's reason for it, too. Consumption is Lung-scrofula. For every form of scrofula, and all blood-taints, the "Discovery" is a positive cure. It's the most potent strength-restorer, blood-cleanser, and flesh-builder known to medical science. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all lingering Coughs, it's an unequaled remedy. It's a *guaranteed* one. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back. You've everything to gain from it—nothing to lose.

It's especially potent in curing Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands, Tumors and Swellings. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence.

J. C. JUDSON & CO'S

EXCURSIONS

CALIFORNIA

Personally Conducted. Select Parties. Through Cars. Low Rates.

LEAVE CHICAGO EVERY THURSDAY

For particulars address

J. C. JUDSON & CO.

195 Clark St., Chicago.

"I say Jones where do you get your clothes, you have the nicest fitting suit in town." "Why I get them made by F. F. Dixon, the Knight is the boss cutter in the County he is Richard himself agian. Since he moved down stairs he is always there; has an elegant line of all the new Styles and you bet there is no man in Chicago, Mendota or any where else who can make an more Stylish gracefull ano perfect fitting clothes." enkins you need a suit and you better go straight down to the Knight he will make you a better suit than you can get anywhere else. Don't forget the place, No. 8 Main street and his real name is

F. F. DIXON,

"The Knight of the Shears"

First-st., Dixon, Ills.

THE CITY STEAM LAUNDRY.

Having secured the services of an experienced Laundryman guarantee FIRST-CLASS WORK.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

Family Wash, - - - 35cts per dozen
Rough Dry, - - - - 4cts per pound

Work Called For and Delivered.

THE CITY STEAM LAUNDRY,

Main Sereet, West of Peoria.

COMPLEXION PRESERVED

DR. HEBRA'S

VIOLA CREAM

Removes all Freckles, Pimples, Liver-spots, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, thereby producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all face preparations and perfectly harmless. For sale at druggists or mailed for 50c. Send for circular.

VIOLA SKIN SOAP is simply incomparable as a skin purifying soap, unequaled for the toilet, and without a rival for the nursery. Absolutely pure and delicately medicated. Prepared. Price 25 cents.

G. C. BITTNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.





We Preach—You Practice. In other words, we will teach you FREE, and start you in business, at which you can rapidly gather in the dollars. We can and will, if you please, teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only, to the work. What we offer is new and it has been proved over and over again, that great pay is sure for every worker. Easy to learn. No special ability required. Reasonable industry only necessary for sure, large success. We start you, furnishing everything. This is one of the great strides forward in useful, inventive progress, that enriches all workers. It is probably the greatest opportunity laboring people have ever known. Now is the time. Delay means loss. Full particulars free. Better write at once. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Box 488, Portland, Maine.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE

Will Cure any kind of

IT WILL NOT IF YOU TAKE KRAUSE'S HeadacheCapsules

$500 Reward for any injurious substance found in these Capsules.

Perfectly harmless.

Headache.

Money refunded if not as we say. Sent postpaid on receipt of price.

Twenty-Five Cents.

NORMAN LICHTY, FAMILY CHEMIST, Des Moines, Iowa.

For Sale by H. E DONALDSON

EVENING TELEGRAPH

Published daily except Sunday.

OFFICE : ON : WATER : STREET

Telephone, - - Number Five

Delivered by Carriers for Ten Cents per week

STERN BRO'S, OPERA HOUSE

—BLOCK.—

SPRING JACKETS

The manufacturers have simply outdone themselves this season in their creations of new, stylish, and effective garments. They are a treat to look at, and it is a pleasure to wear one. Our line contains everything that is new, stylish and desirable in

ENGLISH TOP COATS.
REEFERS.
JACKETS.
CAPES, AND
CAPE COATS,

in tans, browns, modes, slates, black and navy

We quote a few of our prices as an indication to the values we are offering:

Black, All Wool Cheviot Reefers, 30 inches long, at $3.00

30-inch Reefers, in tan and modes, made of Wool Cheviot Cloth, richly braided collar and silk cord, at $5.00

a garment that is worth $7.00.

Silk-lined coats at $7.50, $9 and $12

☞A visit to our store will prove both interesting and profitable.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

I am a candidate for the office of States Attorney, subject to the action of the Lee County Republican convention.
d&w CLYDE SMITH.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of State's Attorney, subject to the action of the Lee County Republican Convention.
d&w CHARLES B MORRISON.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to the Lee County Republican convention.
d&w IRA W. LEWIS.

I hereby announce that I am still in the race for collector, and will be until the polls close.
AUSTIN MORSE.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of Collector for the Township of Dixon at the coming election, and respectfully ask for the support of my friends.
JOSEPHUS F. FISH.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for collector and will hope for the support of his friends at the next Township election.
CONRAD W. KENTNER.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of tax collector and hope for the support of my friends.
FRANK A. SWEITZER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Collector for the Township of Dixon at the April election, and respectfully request the support of my friends.
JOHN COFFEY.

CHARLES K. OSBORN would announce to his many friends that he is still in the race for Collector of Taxes, the report to the contrary, notwithstanding, and hopes by their liberal suport to be there at the final round up.

De Pauw Quartette to-night.

—O. D. Fellows is on a business trip to Wisconsin.

—Jack Suter is hard at work improving the race track at Maple Park

—The F. & A. M., conferred the Fellowcraft and Master Mason's degrees on two candidates last evening.

—E. A. Walmsley, formerly a student at Steinmanns, stopped off in this city to call on old friends. He is on his way to his home in Centralia, his physician having ordered him to leave Chicago, as he is troubled with heart disease.

—Widow Gates died at her home in Grand Detour at five o'clock this morning. She was nearly seventy years old and she with her husband, E. E. Gates, who died some seven years ago, were among the first settlers in Grand Detour. They came overland by wagon from the east early in the thirties.

—W. B. Wingert was adjudged insane by our County court this afternoon. He is aged about twenty-two. His parents live northwest of Franklin Grove, and complaint was made by his father that the young man was trying to burn his home and choke the other children and was otherwise very dangerous. Officers Stambrook and Ball went to the Wingert home this morning and to catch the man had to chase him about two miles through the woods and timber.

—We welcome the news that farmers living on the Woosung road north of this city, are making a united effort for the building of a permanent road from the city limit north, and will petition the city council of Dixon to continue the work to the Illinois Central road crossing, or further if necessary. This petition should be granted without a question. The farmers and property holders on that line road are requested to report their names to Henry Decker within the next week.

Tax Notice.

The tax books will be returned the coming week, Wednesday, and all persons wishing to help the tax collector will greatly oblige him by coming in at once. At Theodore Moellers store.

G. F. HUGHES,
3613 Tax Collector Dixon Township.

Soft coal that burns as clear as wood is nice, and Pitcher sells it.

At the Little Delmonico you will find a large assortment of fresh candies.
01tf F. J. FINKLER, Prop.

De Pauw Quartette to-night.

(Continued from first page.)

than in the man? Then why talk of the hardness of the man's heart as the reason for his not accepting a creed, why not as well speak of the softness of the boy's brain as the reason why he did accept it?

"When I was a child," says St. Paul, "I spake as a child, I understood as a child, I thought as a child; but when I became a man I put away childish things." The conduct of most christians is conspicuously different from St. Paul's in this latter respect.

The Evolution of Faith which I am going to describe to you this morning is, I am convinced, the experience of many a person of our denomination in many of its details. I make no excuse for presenting it in the form of a personal experience.

A few years ago I was a member of Plymouth Congregational church in Minneapolis. I was also an active member of the Y. M. C. A. In both societies there were constantly coming to my view teachings and thoughts whose truth I could see no reason for. Doubts, that are but the evidences of the working of the mind in a natural manner, forced themselves upon me to such an extent that at last I could no longer ignore them. I faced my situation. I said, "my mind is my God-given instrument for considering and judging the truth. Therefore, whatever forces itself to my notice as being of doubtful truth, is as much a subject for my rightful consideration as that which does not seem doubtful." This the teachings of most churches deny. They say that doubt is sin. But it cannot be so, for it is always by doubt of old wrongs that we come at length to see right in whatever experience we go through. Thus I soon decided that it was quite in accordance with the purposes of the Creator, my religious teachers to the contrary notwithstanding, that I should as rightly doubt, as believe. This truth established, I commenced subjecting my religious position to a scrutiny to discover what I really did believe, and, more important, why I believed it. I soon discovered that my only reason for most of my beliefs was that I had heard that they were true. Certainly, I believed as the great majority of those around me believed, but need that prove my beliefs true? The great majority of people once believed the world flat, but did Copernicus accept it as truth just because the majority held it as such? Certainly not; and though he was told that he was denying the most fundamental teachings of religion in asserting the rotundity of the globe, trusting in the dictates of his own God-given reason, he went on with his researches till he demonstrated his theory to his own satisfaction, and since to the satisfaction of all the world. And so I soon found that there was very little of the old belief that could stand the test of reason, and as soon as I could see no necessity of retaining it on the authority of my teachers, I learned that whatever authority there was was on the other side.

I had formally believed many things; I had believed them because I had heard them preached; those who preached them I have learned since believed them generally for the same reason. Study soon showed me that what was commonly denounced by ignorant preachers in the pulpit as unbelief, was only a different form of belief. I found that no one sect of religious teachers had a monopoly of truth. I found indeed that truth must be sought mainly outside the sects. And I sought it I gave up the idea I had held since a boy, of becoming a preacher, for I thought in the face of the great mass of teachings to which I have been accustomed, that there was no place for me in the christian pulpit. I continued my study after withdrawing from the church. I determined to have at least the sanction of knowledge in my new beliefs. But the more I studied the more I found to corroborate my new position. The more information I obtained the more certain was I that my former faith resulted from the lack of information. The more I read the more convinced was I that the old beliefs I had left behind were the product of the thought of man, and alas! the thought that originated in a not too intelligent age.

One by one the beliefs of early years slipped away from me. I came at length to feel myself, what was called by those who were familiar with my mental state, an infidel. And yet I knew that infidel or not I was right. I knew that those faiths that could not bear the searching light of scientific investigation to which I found they had been exposed, and to the results of which I could find no objection, could not be truths, no matter by whom nor by how many held. I knew that the things that could not commend themselves to my reason could never be of benefit to my soul.

At length after a long course of reading and thought I chanced to come into intercourse with those of the so-called Liberal faiths. Then I found that truly what I had found a faith for me was included in the faith of a church that bore the name Christian. I was at first surprised. But when I reflected that those who had formally been my associates from the very nature of the circumstances in which they were placed could not but call any belief than their own unbelief, then I plainly perceived that it was only ignorance that characterized the faith I held as unbelief. For is it not necessarily true? Whatever you believe true does not its contradictory appear untrue? And the real truth can only be ascertained by proof, by demonstration. But the truths of the beliefs I had formally held faded away when the attempt to demonstrate was made. In attempting to prove them true, which was the purpose with which I began, I had proved them untrue. You can understand this only by reference to a few particulars. The common faith rests upon four main pillars, God, the Bible, Jesus and Immortality. Of most importance among these, for the common ideas of the other three are derived from it, is the Bible. The common creed rests its entire superstructure upon certain beliefs regarding this book. It says the Bible is an inspired book, containing a distinct and definite message of God to man; that everything between its covers is of divine authorship, without admixture of error, and is the only such message man has received from his Maker. Now this statement, whether true or not, is of course incapable of proof, and hence must be taken for just what it is worth, unproved.

Waiving the discussion of the right to assume the Bible to be infallible authority on all matters of religion, consider a moment the other matters involved in the common faith.

The existence of God is not denied by those who do not accept the authority of the Bible, and even by most people who know nothing whatever of the Bible, is He believed in, with all his essential characteristics. That Christ lived and performed a work no man before or since was able to perform, is a fact that does not depend on the infallible records of scripture, but is evinced by Christianity itself, which was firmly planted and prospering before it was decided what books should compose the Bible. Not till three hundred years after Christ's death was it finally decided what books should compose the so-called sacred volume. And the belief in immortality, unknown and unmentioned in the Old Testament, finds sanction in millions of minds to which our scriptures are unknown, and is to be found wherever man is found.

Now in my thought and study I had arrived at different conclusions respecting God, and the Bible, Jesus, and Immortality, than the common teaching of the churches. And I found that these conclusions were substantially the teachings of the Universalist church. Investigation satisfied me that there was still a place for me in the pulpit, for I had found that what my teachers had pleased to call unbelief was none the less the inspiring faith of a great class of Christians. And I longed to engage in such work. I had had an invaluable experience and I longed to make it of benefit to my fellow men. I had believed and doubted and lived to see that my doubt was an immeasurably better belief. I thought of all the vast numbers of my fellows who like me had been groping in the depths, and I longed with the intensest longing to show them the way by which I found the heights of faith I before had dreamed not of.

I have looked upon age as it goes down to the grave. I have seen on its ashy face the marks of a faith that is by its very nature, of necessity, unfaith. I have seen those who have labored mightily to deserve the inheritance of the elect, who have humbled themselves on all occasions, who have attended church as a religious duty, who have pored over the Bible as long as strength would permit, I have seen such in the face of death. And then, on wrinkled and careworn forehead, on blanched and sunken cheek, but most of all in the deep-sunk and anxious eye I have seen written with fearful, startling clearness the terrible word, *Fear*. Fear of what? Aye, that is it, the great unknown! What was beyond?—was the thought that drove sleep from the eye and peace from the soul. To such a one at such a time comes often, as a consequence of their belief the miserable, haunting dread that perhaps after all, in spite of all that he has done to work and pray his way into God's kingdom, he might miss the gate! And it is this fear that makes the last days of many a Christian a miserable nightmare. And as I have looked upon that dread picture of what is so often accomplished by the religion of threat and fear, I have said that if I live, what little talent I have, my poor ability, shall be directed toward liberating my fellow men from the influence of the barbarisms that have crept into and made an unlovely thing of the faith called after Christ—That I would do what I could to make men feel that after a good life they need not fear death. I would direct my poor efforts towards giving men a belief in a God too good to torture good men so with unreasonable fears; and to those of my fellows who labor and fret under the bonds of this faith that is but the parent of unfaith, I have said that on every occasion that presents itself to me I would speak if I could some word of hope and trust, help them if I could to put away childish things, and if they are men, to think the thoughts and hold to a faith worthy of men.

My old faith has gone from me never to return; but there is for me now a new faith, resting on the same four pillars on which stood the old, a larger, surer faith, that has a right to stand there, because it has demonstrated its truth.

And these pillars, are they the same? Not quite. I see now not the God of a book, merely, neither the book of a God; not the Jesus who died to make immortality an obtainable blessing, nor an immortality known only through the death of Jesus; but the God of a universe to whom the whole universe and every religion is a testimony, the God of all men, the universal Father, who asks not what a man thinks, believes, but requires that his acts be upright; not a cruel and unrelenting tyrant, who condemns men for things occasioned by their ignorance, but a being whose creatures we are, and hence whose care we must ever be. And believing in such a God as our starting point, our belief in the Bible must correspond. I see in it now, not the only message from God to man, but one page only of the great volume, of which all good books are pages, the brightest and best page, perhaps, but yet we have found that it does not contain all of truth, nor yet, perhaps, all truth. And with this new faith in God, with this new view of the Bible; how is our faith in Jesus affected? We may see in him, not a man-like God, but truly a God-like man, not one who died to set men free from their past sins—that can never be—but one who lived and died to make men free from sin through its avoidance, as he avoided it and thus showed all men the possibility of doing likewise; not one who shall reconcile God to man, but who teaches men to reconcile themselves to life here and hereafter, and thus be reconciled to God. And immortality, if that view of it that has haunted the dying hours of many a distressed soul, if that is gone, is it any loss? Would it not be better to believe in no hereafter than to believe in one whose advantages are all on the side of a few, and no one certain of being one of that few? Who would not, rather than accept the common belief in the hereafter, say with Hamlet, "To die, to sleep; no more; and by a sleep to say we end the heart-ache and the thousand natural shocks that flesh is heir to, 'tis a consummation devoutly to be wished." The immortality of the new faith must be commensurate with the new view of God, of His purpose, of His omnipresent word of His son Jesus, and of our more exalted view of all His sons. Not indeed do we believe in an eternity of bliss to follow our brief season of troubled and yet not unhappy existence here on earth, but in a farther opportunity beyond the gates of death for retrieving our lost chances here, for rectifying the mistakes of this life, for pursuing our higher aspirations that here were hampered by surrounding circumstances, and kept down by our weakness and inability. God never made that vast unrest that stirs the soul of man and follows his every footstep from the cradle to the grave, unless he has provided for it somewhere in eternity, a satisfaction.

And what if God and the Bible, what if Jesus Christ, our example, and the hope of immortality that strengthens and buoys us up in trouble and despondency, what if all these were gone? Life would still be worth the living, and living well. Honor and honesty would still give more satisfaction than meanness and crime. To do right does not give one a right to happiness, it gives happiness; and hell does not await the wrong doer beyond the gates of death, he must endure it for years before he leaves earth.

But these faiths cannot be taken from us. No man ever lived who wholly denied all religious belief. It is an attribute of humanity. Show me whom you will as having none, and I will quickly prove to you that though he speaks of none, he lives by his own choice, in some respect a religious life. The greatest living representative of unbelievers so-called, Robt. Ingersoll, has nevertheless actual religious traits that would put to shame most of the men who delight in maligning his character. It is character that I contend for and not belief. The heart is indeed dull and hardened that will not respond to the words this man spoke over the grave of his brother: "Life is a narrow vale between the cold and barren peaks of two eternities. We strive in vain to look beyond the heights. We cry aloud, and the only answer is the echo of our wailing cry. From the voiceless lips of the unreplying dead there comes no word, but in the night of death hope sees a star, and listening love can hear the rustle of a wing. He who sleeps here, when dying, mistaking the approach of death for the return of health whispered with his latest breath, 'I am better now.' Let us believe, in spite of doubts and dogmas and tears and fears that these dear words are true of all the countless dead." When this is the testimony of infidels, need Christians despond?

So this has been my experience. This I call the Evolution of Faith. From a form shallow and unsatisfactory to the understanding, from a form weak and puerile in the presence of thoughtful minds, I have evolved my present faith. I have seen all the doubt and despondency that comes from uncertainty of what is true, and have experienced all the sorrow of seeing my early faith around which were clustered all the tender memories of childhood slip from me. But through it all I can now see an entwining purpose, I can trace a progress.

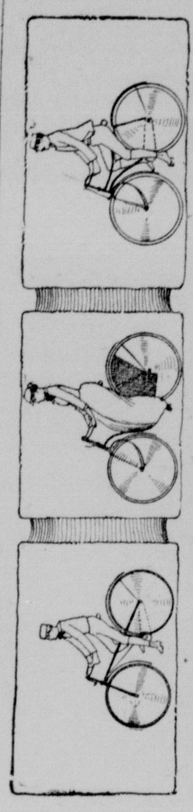
When I was a child I spake as a child, I understood as a child, I thought as a child; but when I became a man, I put away childish things.

As one ascending the heavens in a balloon loses sight of the earth in passing through the clouds, so I, in passing through the cloud of doubt to the purer region of faith beyond, lose sight for a while of the religion I had known; and as he of the balloon, when he has floated clear of the mists, sees spread abroad to his vision, not the little portion of earth he has been accustomed to behold, but vast regions stretching away into the invisable in measureless perspective; so he, who, with unflinching purpose and high ideal, evolves from his own thought a new faith, sees, when the mists of doubt and despondency have cleared away, the beauty and grandeur of God's purposes stretching away in never-before-imagined reaches.

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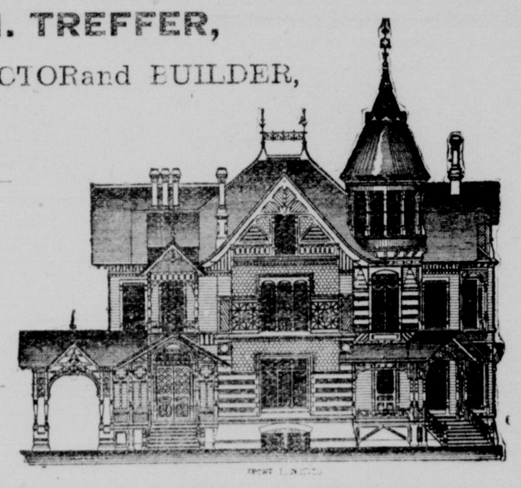
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